## LNMUonline.com Chemistry (Hons.) Paper-III

Answer five questions, selecting at least one from each Group, in which Q.No. 1 is compulsory.

Give reasons:

(a) PV-adiabatic is more steeper than PV-isotherm.

(b) Heat of neutralisation of weak acid and weak alkali is less than that of strong acid and strong alkali.

(c) dq and dw are not perfect differentials.

(d) Eutectic point for binary eutectic system is invariant.

(e) C-O bond is polar but CO2 is non-polar.

Group-A

(a) State Gibbs-Helmholtz equation and its applications.

(b) Explain isothermal and adiabatic processes.

 (a) Calculate maximum work done in reversible isothermal expansion of one mole of ideal gas.

(b) Define Joule-Thomson coefficient.

4. (a) State and explain Nernst's distribution law.

(b) Discuss the application of law in case of association of solute in one of the solvents.

5. Write notes on any two of the following:

(a) Reduced phase rule equations and terms involved

(b) Eutectic systems (c) Carnot's theorem

6. Give primary valency, secondary valency, C.N. and geometry of the following:

(a) Cu(en)3++ (b) K4[Fe(CN)6] (c) Na3Fe (C2O4)3

- Draw MO diagram of O<sub>2</sub> and compare bond order, bond energy and magnetic behaviour of O<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub><sup>++</sup>
- 8. Discuss the chemistry of Ni or Mn with respect to the following:

(a) Position in PT (b) Occurrence and extraction

(c) Important oxidation states

(d) Preparation and properties of important compounds

9. Give preparation, properties and structure of any two of the following:

(a) Thionic acids (b) Sodium Thiosulphate (c) HF

10. Give the IUPAC names of the following:

(a) [Co (NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>5</sub> Br]Cl<sub>2</sub>

(b) [Pd(NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub>] [PdCl<sub>4</sub>]

(c) Ni (dng)2

(d) K2[Cu(C2O4)2]. 2H2O (e) K2[Cr(NH3)4 (H2O) CI]

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