

2022

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 90

D-112

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

The questions are of equal value.

Answer any Six questions.

1. (a) State and prove the necessary and sufficient conditions of a bounded function defined on the interval $[a, b]$.
- (b) Show that $f(x) = x$ is R-integrable on $[1, 2]$.
2. (a) If f is continuous on $[a, b]$, then show that f is R-integrable.
- (b) State and prove fundamental theorem of calculus using R-integrability.

3. (a) Discuss the convergence of $\int_0^{\pi/2} \log \sin x \, dx$.
- (b) State Dirichlet's test for convergence of an improper integral and hence test the convergence of the integral

$$\int_a^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \sin x \, dx, a > 0.$$

4. State and prove Implicit function theorem.
5. (a) Obtain Cauchy-Riemann equations in polar form.
- (b) Prove that $\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} = 4 \frac{\partial^2}{\partial z \partial \bar{z}}$
6. (a) Show that bilinear transformation transforms circles into circles.
- (b) Find a bilinear transformation which transforms the point $z = 2, 1, 0$ into $w = 1, 0, i$ respectively.

7. (a) Show that differentiability of a complex valued function $f(z)$ implies continuity. But converse is not true justify.

(b) Prove that the function $f(z) = |z|^2$ is nowhere differentiable except at the origin.

8. (a) Define inverse points with respect to circle and show that two points z_1, z_2 are inverse points with respect to circle $z\bar{z} + b\bar{z} + \bar{b}z + c = 0$ if $z_1\bar{z}_2 + b\bar{z}_2 + \bar{b}z_1 + c = 0$.

(b) Show that the function $f(z) = xy + iy$ is not analytic.

9. (a) If (E, d) is a metric space then show that (E, ρ) is also a metric space where $\rho(x, y) =$

$$\frac{d(x,y)}{1+d(x,y)} \forall x, y \in E.$$

(b) Show that an open sphere in a metric space (E, d) is an open set.

10. (a) Show that every convergent sequence (x_n) in a metric space (E, d) is a Cauchy sequence.

(b) Show that, In a complete metric space, every closed set is complete.

11. State and prove Baire's Category Theorem.

12. Prove that a metric space is compact if and only if it is sequentially compact.

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